

HANDWRITING DATA INPUT DEVICE WITH MULTIPLE CHARACTER SETS

FIELD OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates generally to the field of handwriting
5 recognition and, more particularly, to handwriting data input devices that
operate with multiple character sets.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Handwriting recognition programs generally operate by comparing data
generated from handwritten words or characters to stored recognition data
10 (hereinbelow referred to as "reference library"). An attempt is made to
correctly interpret the handwritten words or characters and to possibly display
the recognized characters on a display device.

In order to increase recognition probability and to reduce computation
time, some character recognition methods employ the splitting of the entire
15 character set into a plurality of reduced character sets. Each reduced
character set has a reference library and is associated with a specific input
area of the digitizer pad. A number of commercially available products make
use of this technology, associating one reference library with one input area
and another reference library with another, separate input area. For example,
20 in the Palm™ connected organizer series, commonly referred to as Palm
Pilots (commercially available from Palm Inc., Santa Clara, CA USA),
alphabetic characters are associated with the left part of the digitizer pad and
numeric characters are associated with the right part.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

There is provided, in accordance with an embodiment of the present invention, a handwriting recognition input system. The system includes a handwriting input area and a plurality of activatable controls. Each activatable control is associated with a different reference library and each is adapted to recognize characters input on the handwriting input area as belonging to the associated reference library.

Additionally, in accordance with an embodiment of the present invention, the plurality of activatable controls may include software controls, hardware controls, or a mix of software and hardware controls.

Further, in accordance with an embodiment of the present invention, the handwriting recognition input system includes at least one activatable menu control associated with a multiplicity of the activatable controls.

Furthermore, in accordance with an embodiment of the present invention, the handwriting recognition input system includes at least one activatable menu control associated with a multiplicity of other activatable menu controls.

Moreover, in accordance with an embodiment of the present invention, a personal digital assistant includes the handwriting recognition input system.

Still further, in accordance with an embodiment of the present invention, a mobile telephone includes the handwriting recognition input system.

There is provided, in accordance with an embodiment of the present invention, a handwriting recognition system that includes a plurality of

activatable controls each associated with a reference library and a handwriting recognition unit for controlling handwriting recognition in accordance with an activated control.

Furthermore, in accordance with an embodiment of the present invention, the handwriting recognition system includes at least one activatable menu control associated with a multiplicity of the activatable controls.

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Moreover, in accordance with an embodiment of the present invention, a personal digital assistant includes the handwriting recognition system.

Still further, in accordance with an embodiment of the present invention, a mobile telephone includes the handwriting recognition system.

There is provided, in accordance with an embodiment of the present invention, a personal digital assistant including a housing, a handwriting input area mounted on the housing, and a plurality of activatable controls. Each activatable control is associated with a different reference library and is adapted to recognize characters input on the handwriting input area as belonging to the associated reference library.

There is provided, in accordance with an embodiment of the present invention, a personal digital assistant including a housing, a plurality of activatable controls each associated with a reference library, and a handwriting recognition unit mounted on the housing for controlling handwriting recognition in accordance with at least one activated control.

There is provided, in accordance with an embodiment of the present invention, a mobile telephone including a housing, a handwriting input area mounted on the housing, and a plurality of activatable controls. Each activatable control is associated with a different reference library and is adapted
5 to recognize characters input on the handwriting input area as belonging to the associated reference library.

There is provided, in accordance with an embodiment of the present invention, a mobile telephone including a housing, a plurality of activatable controls each associated with a reference library, and a handwriting recognition
10 unit mounted on the housing for controlling handwriting recognition in accordance with at least one activated control.

There is provided, in accordance with an embodiment of the present invention, a method for handwriting recognition including the steps of selecting at least one character set from among a plurality of character sets and
15 recognizing at least one character using the at least one selected character set.

There is provided, in accordance with an embodiment of the present invention, a method for handwriting recognition including the steps of associating a plurality of controls with a set of reference libraries, activating at least one of the controls, and recognizing characters input on a handwriting
20 input area as belonging to the reference library associated with the at least one activated control.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

The present invention will be understood and appreciated more fully from the following detailed description taken in conjunction with the appended drawings in which:

5 Fig. 1 is a schematic illustration of a handwriting recognition input unit (input unit), constructed and operative in accordance with an embodiment of the present invention;

 Fig. 2 is a schematic illustration of input strokes and their possible recognition values;

10 Fig. 3 is a schematic illustration of an alternative input unit to that of Fig. 1;

 Fig. 4 is a schematic illustration of a Cyrillic letter;

 Fig. 5 is a schematic illustration of a further alternative input unit;

 Fig. 6 is a schematic illustration of a Kanji character; and

15 Fig. 7 is a schematic illustration of a Personal Digital Assistant incorporating an input unit such as that of Figs 1, 3, or 5, constructed and operative in accordance with an embodiment of the present invention.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PRESENT INVENTION

It is not always possible or desirable to use multiple input areas, especially for large numbers of reduced character sets or when the dimensions of the input area are small (as in cellular telephones for example).

5 There exists a need for a system having one input area, yet employing a plurality of reduced character sets. Applicant has developed a handwriting recognition input unit using a single input area with the ability to recognize multiple character sets. This is accomplished with controls corresponding to specific reduced character sets. When controls are activated, their
10 corresponding character sets are included in the set of characters to be recognized.

Reference is now made to Fig. 1, which is a schematic illustration of a handwriting recognition input unit (input unit) 14, constructed and operative in accordance with an embodiment of the present invention. Input unit 14
15 comprises, in addition to an input area 15 of input unit 14, a plurality of controls 26, 28, 30, and 32.

Input unit 14 may be any type of input unit. Depending on the exact type of input unit, the controls may be integrated physically with input area 15 or may be physically separated. Furthermore, the controls may be software
20 or hardware controls. Controls are activated and deactivated through the software or hardware user interface, for example by touching or pressing.

Software controls may be moved or relabeled interactively in addition to having their functionality changed. Though hardware controls may change function and in some embodiments be relabeled, they cannot be moved. This
25 will be discussed further hereinbelow with respect to Figs. 3 and 5.

character sets could be recognized from an input character. Any appropriate handwriting recognition method known in the art can be used for character recognition. Exemplary methods are disclosed in US patents 6,023,529, 5,982,929, and 5,659,633 (all to Ilan, et al.). If multiple character sets are
5 active at once, handwriting recognition methods that can differentiate between ambiguous inputs must be used.

Reference is now made to Fig. 2, a schematic illustration of input strokes and their possible recognition values. Each of the controls 26, 28, 30, and 32 is associated with a different reference library. If, for example,
10 "numeric" operation mode is active (via control 30), then input strokes 150, 152, and 154 shown in Fig. 2 will be recognized and output as numbers "1", "9", and "5", respectively. The same strokes would be recognized as letters "i", "g", and "s", respectively, when lowercase operation mode (via control 28) is active.

15 Reference is now made to Figs. 3 and 4. Fig. 3 is a schematic illustration of another input unit 14', constructed and operative in accordance with another embodiment of the present invention. Similar elements have similar reference numerals and will not be discussed further here. Fig. 4 is a schematic illustration of a Cyrillic letter.

20 In this embodiment, input unit 14' includes additional controls 34, 36, 38, and 40, which correspond to "Japanese", "Chinese", "Cyrillic", and "French" operation modes, respectively. Each of controls 34, 36, 38 and 40 is associated with a corresponding reference library. If the user wants to input a Cyrillic character, he has to activate "Cyrillic" mode via control 38 and then
25 input the desired character. The input stroke will then be considered as one

of the Cyrillic letters. For example, input stroke 142 will be recognized as Cyrillic letter 144 (Fig. 4).

In a further embodiment of the present invention, the selection of a particular control causes input unit 14" to display different controls associated with that choice. This is illustrated in Figs. 5 and 6, to which reference is now made. Selection of the "Japanese" operation mode (by selection of control 34 in Fig. 3) causes controls 34, 36, 38, and 40 to be replaced with new controls. Controls 42, 44, and 46 correspond to Katakana, Kanji, and Hiragana character sets, respectively. Control 48 returns input unit 14" to input unit 14', the multi-language mode of Fig. 3.

The user selects the required operation mode according to the type of character he wants to input. For example, for correct recognition of character 160 (Fig. 6), the user should select control 44 (Fig. 5), which corresponds to the Kanji character set. To return to the multi-language window of Fig. 3, the user may select control 48.

Note that control 46 is in a different position on input area 15 than controls 38 and 40. This is possible because, in this case, software controls have been used.

As the components required to build a computer have been reduced in size, new categories of computers have emerged including, for example, hand-held computers or Personal Digital Assistants (PDAs) and mobile phones. PDAs are well known in the art and are often used to run Personal Information Management (PIM) applications, such as an address book, a daily organizer, a notebook, and the like. The present invention may be

incorporated into any of these types of devices when recognition is to be performed.

Reference is now made to Fig. 7, which is a schematic illustration of the use of the present invention in a PDA 10, constructed and operative in accordance with an embodiment of the present invention. This embodiment is for illustrative purposes only and shows one possible use of the invention among many. PDA 10 includes an output unit 12, input unit 14, and exemplary PIM application buttons 16, 18, 20, 22, and 24. Output unit 12 can be an LCD display or any other output device. Input unit 14 is the same as in Fig. 1; similar elements have similar reference numerals and will not be discussed further here. It will be appreciated by persons skilled in the art that, instead of two separate input and output units (12 and 14), a single "input-output" unit can be used.

Exemplary PIM application buttons 16, 18, 20, 22, and 24 correspond to Notes, Contacts, To Do, Calendar, and Applications respectively. However, in another embodiment of the present invention they could be hardware controls as defined hereinabove. Input unit 14 in one embodiment of the invention may be a touch screen. However, input unit 14 may be any input unit as described generally in any of the embodiments hereinabove or in the claims.

Instead of using a keyboard, many PDAs employ a pen or stylus and a digitizer pad as an input system. Most of these PDAs provide some type of handwriting recognition system whereby the user can write words and letters on the digitizer pad with a pen or stylus. The PDA then converts the user's handwriting into a machine-readable format, such as ASCII code, which may

be displayed when desired. Thus, input unit 14 of the invention is used as the input unit of the exemplary PDA of Fig. 7.

Mobile telephones and similar devices also may possess similar handwriting input devices to be used instead of numeric buttons for data
5 input. Furthermore, there exist other devices which may use handwriting input devices similar to input unit 14 for data input. It will be appreciated by persons skilled in the art that these devices are included within the scope of this invention.

These devices in the prior art often rely on multiple input areas to allow
10 increased recognition probability and to reduce computation time. Input unit 14 may be used instead in such systems, replacing conventional handwriting input recognition units.

It will be appreciated by persons skilled in the art that the present invention is not limited by what has been particularly shown and described
15 hereinabove. Rather the scope of the invention is defined by the claims that follow.